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Westminster, June 10, 1791.

THIS Day His Majesty came to the House of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes, seated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, Sir Francis Molyneux, Knight, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to

An Act for the Payment of the Sum of Five Hundred Thousand Pounds by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer.

An Act for regulating the Importation and Exportation of Corn, and the Payment of the Duty on Foreign Corn imported, and of the Bounty on British Corn exported.

An Act to repeal certain Parts of an Act, passed in the Fourteenth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for making more effectual Provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further Provision for the Government of the said Province.

An Act to relieve, upon Conditions, and under Restrictions, the Persons therein described, from certain Penalties and Disabilities to which Papists, or Persons professing the Popish Religion, are by Law subject.

An Act to continue, for a limited Time, and to amend an Act, made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, An Act to amend and continue, for a limited Time, several Acts of Parliament for regulating the shipping and carrying Slaves in British Vessels from the Coast of Africa.

An Act for better protecting the several Oyster Fisheries within this Kingdom.

An Act for the better regulating of Gaols and other Places of Confinement.

An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal from, or from near to, the Town of Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, to communicate with the River Severn, near to the City of Worcester.

An Act for confirming an Agreement entered into between the Company of Proprietors of the Undertaking for recovering and preserving the Navigation of the River Dee, and certain Lords of Manors, and other Persons intitled to Right of Common upon the Wastes and Commons, and the old Common Salt Marshes, lying on the South Side of the said River, below, or to the North-East of Greenfield Gate, in the County of Flint, and an Award made in Consequence thereof.

An Act for the better Regulation and Government of the Company of Cutlers, within the Liberty of Hallamshire, in the County of York, and within five Miles of the said Liberty, and of their Journeymen and Apprentices.

An Act for paving, lighting, watching, cleansing, watering, repairing, and keeping in Repair, Finsbury-Square, in the Parish of St. Luke, in the County of Middlesex, and Part of the Manor of Finsbury, and certain other Streets and Places communicating with, or near to, the said Square, and for preventing or removing Nuisances and Annoyances within the same.

An Act for continuing and amending certain Acts of of the Second and Twenty-second Years of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from Flimwell Vent, in the County of Sussex, through Highgate, in the County of Kent, and the Parishes of Sandhurst, Newenden, and Northiam, to Rye, in the said County of Sussex, and from Highgate aforesaid, to Cooper's Corner, in the said County of Sussex, and for repairing and widening a Piece of Road communicating with one of the Roads comprized in the said Acts, called Whitebread-Lane.

An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of several Acts, made for repairing the Roads from Livingstone, by the Kirk of Shotts, to the City of Glasgow, and by the Town of Hamilton to the Town of Strathaven, and for repairing and widening the Roads from the Confines of the County of Ayr, at or near Lochgate, to the Town of Strathaven, and for repairing the several Roads leading into the City of Glasgow, so far as the same relate to the Road leading from the Town of Airdrie towards

towards the City of Glasgow, through the Village of Shettleston, till it falls into the Great Road from Murriehall to the said City; and for repairing the Road from the said Great Road, by Drygate and Whitehill, to Carntyne, and for repairing and widening several other Roads; and for building a Bridge over the River Clyde, at or near Thieveseford; and for opening and making certain Streets in and near the City of Glasgow.

And to Five Private Bills.

After which His Majesty was pleased to make the following most Gracious Speech:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

IN closing the present Session of Parliament, I cannot omit expressing My Satisfaction in that Zeal for the Public Interests, with which you have applied yourselves to the Consideration of the different Objects which I recommended to your Attention.

The Measures which have been adopted for defraying the extraordinary Expences of the last Year, in such a Manner as not to make any permanent Addition to the Public Burthens, and the Provisions which have been made for the good Government and Prosperity of My Subjects in Canada, call for My particular Acknowledgments.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I return you My Thanks for the Readiness with which you have granted the Supplies necessary for the Public Service, and for the Proof of your affectionate Attachment, in enabling Me to provide for a Part of the Charges of the Younger Branches of My Family out of the Consolidated Fund.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I am not yet enabled to inform you of the Result of the Steps which I have taken with a View to the Re-establishment of Peace between Russia and the Porte: It is My earnest Wish that this important Object may be effectuated in such a Manner as may contribute to the Preservation and Maintenance of the general Tranquillity of Europe. I feel, with the greatest Satisfaction, the Confidence which you have reposed in Me, and My constant Endeavours will be directed to the Pursuit of such Measures as may appear to Me best calculated to promote the Interests and Happiness of My People, which are inseparable from My own.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by His Majesty's Command, said:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

IT is His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure, that this Parliament be prorogued to Tuesday the Sixteenth Day of August next, to be then here holden; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Tuesday the Sixteenth Day of August next.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 8th of *June*, 1791,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS Day the Right Honourable Sir William Hamilton, Knight of the Bath, was, by His Majesty's Command, sworn of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Henry Dundas to be One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, he was this Day, by His Majesty's Command, sworn One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State accordingly.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 10th Day of *June*, 1791,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Act to continue, for a limited Time, certain "Provisions contained in an Act made in this present "Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for indemnifying all Persons who have been concerned "in advising or carrying into Execution certain Orders of Council respecting the Importation and Exportation of Corn and Grain, and also certain "Orders issued by the Governor-General of His "Majesty's Colonies in America, and for preventing "Suits in consequence of the same, and for making further Provisions relative thereto, relating "to the Importation and Exportation of Corn and "Grain, and to authorize His Majesty to permit "the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal or Flour, "and to prohibit the Importation thereof on the low "Duties," it was enacted, that at any Time before the 28th Day of February, 1791, it should be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, (among other Things) to prohibit, for a limited Time, the Importation on the low Duties of Foreign Wheat, Wheat-Flour, Rye, Rye-Meal, Barley, Barley-Meal, Oats, Oat-Meal, Pease and Beans, and in like Manner to recal such Prohibition, if Circumstances should appear so to require; and all Persons acting contrary to such Prohibition were thereby made liable to the Penalties and Forfeitures therein mentioned.

And whereas by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, "An Act to con-"tinue and amend so much of Two Acts, made "in the last Session of Parliament, as relates "to the Importation and Exportation of Corn and "Grain, and to the authorizing His Majesty to "permit the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal or "Flour, and to prohibit the Importation thereof "on the low Duties," the said before recited Act was further continued in Force until the 10th Day of June, 1791.

And whereas by virtue of the Powers vested in His Majesty by the before-mentioned Acts, His Majesty was pleased, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, on the 13th Day of October, 1790, the 5th Day of January, the 18th Day of February, and the 23d Day of March, 1791, to make certain Orders for regulating the Importation of Foreign Wheat, Wheat-Flour, Rye, Rye-Meal, Barley, Barley-Meal, Oats, Oat-Meal, Pease and Beans, which were to continue in Force, by virtue of the last mentioned Order, until the 10th Day of this instant June.

And whereas by another Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, "An Act for re-"gulating the Importation and Exportation of "Corn, and the Payment of the Duty on Foreign "Corn imported, and of the Bounty on British "Corn exported," it was enacted, That so much of the herein before-mentioned Act, intituled, "An "Act for indemnifying all Persons who have been "concerned in advising or carrying into Execu-"tion certain Orders of Council respecting the "Importation and Exportation of Corn and Grain, "and also certain Orders issued by the Governor-

"General

" General of His Majeſty's Colonies in America, " and for preventing Suits in conſequence of the " ſame, and for making further Proviſions relative " thereto," as relates to the Importation and Exportation of Corn and Grain, and alſo the Whole of the above recited Act paſſed in the ſaid Thirtieth Year of His Majeſty's Reign, ſhould continue and be in Force until the 15th Day of November, 1791; His Majeſty is thereupon pleaſed, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, purſuant to the Powers veſted in His Majeſty by the ſaid Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, " An Act for regulating the Importation and Ex- " portation of Corn, and the Payment of the Duty " on Foreign Corn imported, and of the Bounty " on Britiſh Corn exported," to order, and doth hereby order, That ſo much of the Regulations in each and every of the ſaid Orders reſpectively contained, as were in Force and Effect until the 10th Day of June, 1791, reſpecting the Importation of Foreign Wheat, Wheat-Flour, Rye, Rye-Meal, Barley, Barley-Meal, Oats, Oat-Meal, Peaſe and Beans reſpectively, or warehouſing the ſame reſpectively, ſhall be and continue in Force and Effect from the Day of the Date of this Order until the 15th Day of November, 1791; in like Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as the ſame were in Force and Effect immediately before the ſaid 10th Day of June, 1791, unleſs His Majeſty ſhall think fit, with the Advice aforeſaid, to revoke the ſame in Whole or in Part.

And the Right Honorable the Lords Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Treaſury are to give the neceſſary Directions herein accordingly.

Steph. Cottrell.

Whitehall, June 11.

The King has been pleaſed to grant to Sir James Peachey, Baronet, the Place or Office of Gentleman and Maſter of His Majeſty's Robes.

The King has alſo been pleaſed to grant to the Reverend Charles Boſtock, Doctor of Laws, and his Iſſue, his Royal Licence and Authority to aſſume the Surname and bear the Arms of Rich only; ſuch Arms being firſt duly exemplified according to the Laws of Arms, and recorded in the Heralds Office: And alſo to order that this His Majeſty's Conceſſion and Declaration be regiſtered in His College of Arms.

Whitehall, June 11.

The following Advices have been received from the Eaſt Indies by the Rodney, one of the Company's Ships.

Extract of a Letter from the Right Honourable Lord Cornwallis to the Right Honourable W. W. Grenville, dated Fort St. George, December 28, 1790.

IN purſuance of the Intention which I notified to you in my Letter dated the 15th of November, I left Calcutta on the 6th, to embark in the Veſtal Frigate at Diamond Harbour, and, after a very proſperous Paſſage, I landed here on the 13th Inſtant. My Time has been partly employed in attending to ſeveral important Points of the Civil Buſineſs of this Preſidency, but principally in acquiring minute Information of various Kinds reſpecting the Condition of the Troops, of the Magazines of Proviſions and Military Stores, and of the Nature of the different Paſſes that lead into the Myſore Country; and, after the moſt deliberate Reflection, I have determined, inſtead of proſecuting the Plan of the Southern Invaſion, to penetrate, by the Paſſes that lead from the Centre of the Carnatic, and to commence our Operations with the Sieges of Ouſſore and Bangalore, unleſs Tippoo ſhould reſolve to hazard an Action, and it's Event ſhall render it expedient to take other Meaſures.

I have accordingly inſtructed General Medows, who had approached Tritchinopoly before my Arrival at this Place, after he ſhall have made the Arrangements that I have directed for the Southern Garriſons, to march the whole Army from Tritchinopoly to Trinomalé, and there to form it into two Diviſions, entering the Enemy's Country with one of them by the Changama Paſs, and ordering the other to continue it's March, as lightly equipped as poſſible, to meet me with the Reinforcements from Bengal, and a conſiderable Quantity of heavy Artillery, which I ſhall carry from hence, at Arnee, from which Place it is my Intention to proceed, to complete our battering Train from the Magazines at Vellore and Amboor, and to advance through ſuch of the Paſſes in that Quarter as may be found moſt convenient to form a Junction with the other Column near Ouſſore.

The Diſtance between the Columns will, at no Period of the March, be very great, and the Ruggedneſs of the Country, as well as their own Strength, will ſecure them againſt Danger from an Enemy, whoſe principal Force conſiſts in Cavalry, whilſt Supplies of different Kinds will be more eaſily obtained by the Separation of their Route; and there will be at the ſame Time an Opportunity on the March to reduce or conciliate a Number of Polygars, who would have it in their Power either to facilitate or embarraſs the Communication with our Magazines in the Carnatic.

The Accounts that I have received of the State of the Army, and of the Magazines and Military Stores that have been collected at Arnee, Vellore and Amboor, upon which I ſhall have Occaſion by the intended Plan of Operations to depend for Supplies, have given me great Satisfaction; but above all, the liberal and friendly Manner in which General Medows has aſſured me of his cordial Aſſiſtance and Support in the Execution of any Meaſures that I may adopt, while it reflects the higheſt Honor upon his own Character, has afforded me a Gratification which it is not eaſy to deſcribe.

Copy of a Letter from Major-General Abercromby to Earl Cornwallis, dated Firickabad, December 22, 1790.

MY LORD,

IN my laſt Letter I had the Honor of acquainting you with the Capture of Cannanore, and the Surrender of the Force employed by Tippoo to defend it. The Priſoners have ſince been removed, under an Eſcort, beyond Billipatam River.

You will alſo have been informed of the ſucceſsful Attack made by Colonel Hartley at Firerugarry, and his obtaining Poſſeſſion of Firickabad, the Capital of Tippoo on this Coaſt. His brilliant Succeſs, and the good Fortune of the Detachment under my Command, have not only opened the Paniaſie River, but completely cleared the Malabar Coaſt, and left us at Liberty for any further Operations that may be thought neceſſary.

In order as much as poſſible to exert myſelf for the Good of the Service, I determined to come to this Place, and conſult with Colonel Hartley on the moſt adviſeable Plan to be adopted conſiſtent with his Orders. I arrived here this Morning, and have now the Honor of communicating our Ideas on the Subject.

Our laſt Accounts from the Army left General Medows in Purſuit of Tippoo, and near Trichinopoly. As this Movement makes it uncertain when he can aſcend the Ghauts, any Operations of our's muſt depend on a Knowledge of his Intentions or Expectations. If the General's Determination for Colonel Hartley to join him ſtill remains in Force, it is my Intention to return to Bombay, and leave the Troops I have brought down at Tellicherry, after reinforcing Colonel Hartley with two native Battalions for him to return to Paligaut with. But if you are of Opinion our joint Force can be employed with greater Effect, I am decided that a powerful Diverſion might be made by us in the Canara Country, provided it is probable that the Grand Army does not ſoon aſcend.

If fortunately, however, it is found practicable for it to move towards Seringapatam, we are of Opinion that we can march from hence with our Force, and all the Stores for the Grand Army, through the Tambercherry Paſs, and join it above the Ghauts.

Theſe I have the Honor to aſſure you are our Sentiments; how far they may accord with your Intention it is impoſſible for me to decide. We mean, however, to remain until your Orders arrive. Colonel Hartley to the Southward of Tellicherry, and my Detachment between Decla and Cananore.

The Neceſſity of our ultimate Deciſion on theſe Points has induced us to ſend an Expreſs immediately with this Letter; and we have to entreat that poſitive and immediate Orders may be given us how to act.

Captain Byron has been kind enough to bring me hither in His Majeſty's Ship Phœnix; I mean to return with him Tomorrow; and I am pleaſed at an Opportunity of aſſuring you he has been of eſſential Service, not only in a well-directed Fire from his Ship, but in his Exertions in forwarding the Public Stores, and in landing with 2 Eighteen Pounders his Marines, and Part of his Crew, to aſſiſt in the Reduction of Carley.

I have the Honor to be,
&c. &c.
Rob. Abercromby.

Extract of a Letter from the Preſident and Council of Fort St. George, in their Political Department, to the Court of Directors, dated January 20, 1791.

OUR laſt Communication reſpecting the Operation of the Grand Army adviſed you of the important Capture of Palicaudcherry, by a Detachment of the Army under Colonel Stuart, and of a Check that had occurred by a ſudden Attack of the Enemy upon the Force ſtationed on the Banks of the Bawanne River, under the Command of Lieutenant-Colonel Floyd; we ſhall now continue the Subject.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hartley, with the Force ſtationed in the Travancore Country, having received Orders from the Commander in Chief to advance to Palicaudcherry, arrived ſafely at that Place a few Days after it had ſurrendered, and opportunely ſent the Three Coaſt Battalions to Coimbatour juſt before the Enemy made his Appearance in the Neighbourhood of that Place.

We learnt by a Letter from the Commander in Chief, dated the 29th of October, that the Enemy as uſual had ſtudiouſly avoided coming to Action, but that by a ſudden Movement he had appeared before Daraporam; where there were no Guns; that the Garriſon were obliged to capitulate, and had in conſequence been releaſed upon the expreſs Condition of not ſerving during the War.

The General being extremely anxious that the Centre Army ſhould enter the Baramahal Country, and proceed to Caveripatam previous to the ſetting in of the Rains, in order that the two Armies might be ready to act in Conjunction, we ſent Orders to Lieutenant-Colonel Maxwel (who had ſucceeded to the Command of the Centre Army, upon the Deceaſe of Colonel Kelly, as notified in our Letter of the 25th of October) to haſten his March to Caveripatam.

We were ſhortly after informed, by a Letter from the Colonel, that he had reached Trepatore, diſtant from Caveripatam about Twenty-five Miles: That the Arrival of his Army in the Enemy's Country had inſpired the Inhabitants with Confidence, and that the whole of the Villages had accepted a Cowle of Protection.

In ſubſequent Letters we were adviſed of the Arrival of the Army at Caveripatam, and of the Appearance of the Enemy in conſiderable Force. Colonel Maxwell at the ſame Time tranſmitted the following Account of an Attack that had been made upon the 1ſt Regiment of Cavalry. "The Enemy's Irregular Horſe having driven off ſome Cattle from the Front of the Camp where they were grazing, the 1ſt Regiment of Cavalry imprudently purſued them through a narrow Paſs, on the other Side of which 3000 Horſe, regularly drawn up, immediately attacked them. Under theſe Diſadvantages, however, the Regiment made good their Retreat, but not without conſiderable Loſs. Lieutenant Fonblanque, Cornets Hoare and De Morgan, and Fifty Men and Horſes, were reported miſſing. Cornet De Morgan was ſaid to have been killed, the other Officers wounded and taken." Colonel Maxwell added, that the Army was ſurrounded by Horſe, and that Tippoo was in the Field.

We immediately communicated to the Commander in Chief, by Expreſs, the Situation of Lieutenant-Colonel Maxwell, for although we had no Apprehenſion that he could be worſted in an Action, yet we felt much Anxiety leſt the numerous Bodies of Cavalry belonging to the Enemy hovering around him might cut off his Baggage, and diſtreſs him for Want of Proviſions; but we were ſoon relieved from all Uneaſineſs, by a Letter from the General, informing us, that he was croſſing the Cavery with the whole Army in Purſuit of the Enemy, who had marched to the Northward a few Days before, with an Intention, it was ſuppoſed, of attacking Colonel Maxwell. The General added, that he was under no Alarm for the Safety of the Centre Army, which though perhaps not able to beat the Enemy in full Force, could certainly hold out until his Arrival.

On the 19th of November the Juno Pilot Sloop arrived in theſe Roads from Bengal, and brought us Diſpatches from the Governor-General in Council, which announced the Intention of Earl Cornwallis to take upon himſelf in Perſon the Conduct of the War, in conſequence of his Lordſhip's Apprehenſions that the Marattas and the Nizam would be diſcouraged, if, from the Want of Proviſions, our Army ſhould not be able to invade the Myſore Country at the Time they had been taught to expect it.

Captain Kyd, the Company's Surveyor-General, and Lieutenant Robinſon, Aid de Camp to the Governor-

vernor-General, were ſent down in the Juno for the Purpoſe of collecting Information upon particular Points, to be reported by them to his Lordſhip upon his Arrival at Madras.

We accordingly iſſued the neceſſary Orders to the Heads of Departments at the Preſidency, directing that every Information ſhould be given to the Gentlemen deputed from Bengal.

We loſt no Time in communicating the Purport of the abovementioned Diſpatches to Major-General Medows; we alſo adviſed him of the Reinforcements expected from Bengal, conſiſting of His Majeſty's 73d Regiment, 50 Matroſſes of Artillery, 200 Lascars, about 1400 Sepoys, and a complete Regiment of Cavalry.

Our next Advices from General Medows ſtated, that after having marched ſeven Days ſucceſſively, he was within fifteen Miles of Colonel Maxwell, to whom he had ſent five Squadrons of Dragoons, and Orders to join him; and that Tippoo had declined an Engagement, not liking the judicious Poſition of Colonel Maxwell, nor the near Approach of the Grand Army.

General Medows informed us that he had ſeen the Enemy two Days before, about twenty Miles diſtant, on his Return from Colonel Maxwell, pitching his Tents juſt as our Army had come to the Ground, after a long fatiguing March through the Paſs of Tapoor: That three Guns having been fired as a Signal to Colonel Maxwell, the Enemy immediately decamped, and hattened up the Ghauts by the Odeadurgum Paſs.

The General having in View the material Object of joining Colonel Maxwell, bent his Courſe direct to Caveripatam, and ſoon after formed the Junction; upon which he wrote to us, that having now an Army ſufficient to ſecure his Convoys, and keep open his Communication with Palicaudcherry and Coimbatour, he meant forthwith to proceed up the Coveriporam Paſs, and take Poſt at the Head of the Guzzlehatty, until the Battering Train, expected from Bombay, ſhould join, and enable him to proceed to the Siege of Seringapatam.

The next Advices from the General ſtated, that, purſuant to his intended Plan of Operations, he had moved towards the Coveriporam Paſs, where, as he wrote to us in his laſt, he meant to have gone up; but that during the March he found the Enemy had doubled back, from his apparently going up the Ghauts and was upon his March before him.

The Intention of immediately aſcending the Ghauts was therefore given up. The Enemy was rapidly purſued, and, after a very long March, the General got ſo near to him as to cannonade his Rear. A few of his beſt Horſes were killed. But, as he moved (the General obſerved) ſo much lighter than our Army, and without ſuch Swarms of Followers, he got down the Tapoor Paſs, and continued his March before him towards Erroad.

The General added, that he ſhould march the next Day in purſuit of the Enemy, who he hoped would not be able to repaſs the Cavery unmoleſted. That the going up the Caveriporam Paſs, and leaving the Enemy at the Bottom, would be attended with bad Conſequences; and that he was far from deſpairing of driving him up, ſooner or later, or bringing him to a general Action firſt, and following him up afterwards.

The next Letter from General Medows was dated near Caroor, in which he gave us the following general Idea of the Army, its Situation and Deſtination ſince its Junction with Colonel Maxwell. "The Two Armies having joined, purſued the "Enemy towards this Place (Caroor.) He is re- "ported to have croſſed the Cavery lower down. "As he moves evidently lighter than us, and as "his Intentions ſeem to be the detaining us below "the Ghauts till he has gathered in the Crops, "which I underſtand are juſt now cutting, and lodge "them ſafely in his Forts, I think, and I think "with ſome of the ableſt Officers in the Army, "the moſt determined Meaſure the likelieſt to bring "him to Action; and drive him out of this Country, "is boldly to go up the Ghauts ourſelves, which I "mean to do by the Coveriporam Paſs, and taking "Poſt at the Head of the Guzzelhatty, and, open- "ing the Tumlercherry, preſerve our Communi- "cation with Coimbatour, Palicaudcherry, and the "other Coaſt."

The General imagined that he ſhould be able to ſet out for Coveriporam Paſs by the 8th of December at fartheſt; and expreſſed his Belief, that if he were once up the Ghauts the Enemy would fight or treat.

About this Time we received Intelligence from the Commanding Officer at Trichinopoly, that the Enemy had appeared in great Force in the Neighbourhood of that Place; and that there was Reaſon to believe, from the Preparations he was making, an Attack upon Trichinopoly was the Object in View.

The Enemy however, after remaining ſome Days encamped within Sight of the Fort, moved of a ſudden to the Northward, having previouſly deſtroyed the Officers Quarters on the Iſland of Seringham, and burnt the ſurrounding Villages; and ſhortly after we received Intelligence that he had advanced as far as Tiagar, of which he threatened the Siege.

It appears that the ſudden Movement of the Enemy from Trichinopoly was occaſioned by the Approach of General Medows, who informed us, in a Letter dated December 5, that ſome Circumſtances, "ſuch as the unuſual ſwelling of the River, and the apparently ſetting-in of the Monſoon, the daily-expected Arrival of Lord Cornwallis, and ſome other Reaſons, had determined him to proceed towards Trichinopoly, before he attempted the Execution of the Plan communicated in his laſt Letter; by which Means the Country would be cleared of the Enemy, the Facility of Lord Cornwallis's joining the Army enſured, and his Lordſhip enabled to purſue the War in the Manner judged by him moſt eligible; all which might be very uncertain, ſhould the Army proceed without him." The General hoped that, for the above Reaſons, beſide ſome other Advantages of providing the Army with many Things in the Neighbourhood of Trichinopoly, of which, after Six Months in the Field they ſtood much in Need, we ſhould approve the Suſpenſion for a ſhort Time of the Plan of Operations, which he had before reported to us as his Intention immediately to purſue.

In

In the concluding Paragraph of the above Letter, the General ſtated that he had received a Kind of Overture to a Treaty from Tippoo's Miniſter, which, with the Anſwer, he means to ſubmit to Lord Cornwallis upon his Arrival.

General Medows in his next Letter informed us of his Arrival at Trichinopoly, where he purpoſed remaining until he ſhou'd receive Orders from Lord Cornwallis. If no Orders were received, and his Lordſhip ſhould be prevented by any unforeſeen Circumſtance from taking the Command of the Army in Perſon, it was the General's Intention, in that Caſe, to commence his March towards the Myſore Country on the 1ſt of January, and endeavour, by the moſt determined Meaſures, to bring the War to an honorable Concluſion before the Month of June.

On the 12th of December, in the Evening, the Veſtal Frigate anchored in the Roads, with the Governor-General on board. His Lordſhip was received at his Landing, the next Morning, with every Reſpect due to his Rank and Station, and a general Order was immediately iſſued, directing all Officers and Soldiers under this Preſidency to obey his Lordſhip as Commander in Chief in India.

The Governor-General in Council having informed us of the Powers with which Earl Cornwallis had been inveſted during his Abſence from Fort William, we ſhall, in conſequence thereof, pay the ſame Reſpect and Attention to his Lordſhip's Orders and Inſtructions as if they were conveyed to us by the ſpecial Concurrence and Sanction of the Governor-General in Council aſſembled.

Captain Evans, who commanded at Daraporam, has laid before us a Copy of the Articles of the Capitulation, under which the Fort and Garriſon were delivered up to the Enemy. We have great Satisfaction in obſerving to you, that Tippoo's Engagements with Captain Evans were ſcrupulouſly adhered to, and the Troops compoſing the Garriſon, which conſiſted of 317, (including Officers) were treated with Reſpect, and diſpatched with a Flag of Truce to General Medows.

At the Recommendation of the Governor-General, we have directed the Troops abovementioned to march to Ellore, where they are for the preſent, to remain under the Capitulation, which prohibits them from bearing Arms againſt Tippoo Sultaun during the preſent War.

We feel very ſincere Pleaſure in reporting to your Honorable Court the complete Succeſs of your Arms on the Malabar Coaſt. Lieutenant-Colonel Hartley, with His Majeſty's 75th Regiment, Two Battalions of native Infantry, and a few Artillery, gained a ſignal Victory, on the 10th ultimo, over a Party of the Enemy, conſiſting of 9000 diſciplined Men, and 4000 Moplas. The Battle was fought a few Miles from Calicut, and was conducted with the greateſt Coolneſs, but at the ſame Time with the moſt determined Courage by our Troops. Our Loſs was very trifling, viz.

Officers killed, none: wounded ſlightly, 4.

Privates killed, 4 of the 75th Regiment, 1 of the 77th Battalion native Infantry. Wounded, 3 Serjeants and about 40 Men.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hartley, in ſpeaking of the Enemy's Loſs, ſays, "One of their principal Sir-"dars, and above One Hundred Men, were found "dead in the Ditch and at the Gateway. Their "wounded are very numerous. Huſſan Ally Cawn, "Two Sirdars, and about Nine Hundred Men, "are taken. Their Loſs upwards of One Thou-"ſand Men."

The Colonel purſued the Enemy to Firickabad, a new Fort built by Tippoo, adjoining to Calicut; but the Night before his Arrival, Mautaub Cawn, the Leader of the Party, with about Two Hundred Men, carried off, through the Tumbercherry Paſs, all the public Treaſure. The Fort of Firickabad was evacuated, Fifteen Hundred Men laid down their Arms. Baypore, and all the Veſſels in the Harbour, ſubmitted, as did Six Thouſand Inhabitants.

Shortly after the above Advices were received that Major-General Abercromby had arrived at Cannanore; that the Fort had ſurrendered at Diſcretion, and that all the Troops in the Neighbourhood had laid down their Arms, by which Means, and in Conſequence of the brilliant Succeſs of Colonel Hartley, the Paniana River had been opened, and the Malabar Coaſt completely cleared.

General Abercromby ſpeaks in high Terms of the Conduct of Captain Byron, commanding His Majeſty's Frigate the Phœnix, who rendered with Chearfulneſs every Aſſiſtance, and facilitated by his Exertions the Reduction of Carley.

We have the Pleaſure to inform you, that the Mahrattas and the Nizam ſeem at length determined to proſecute the War with Vigor againſt the common Enemy. Our Detachments ſerving with the reſpective Armies of theſe States, will, we hope, by their Courage and Conduct, inſpire our Allies with Confidence, and enable them to act with Effect. The Maratta Army is now before Darwar, a principal Fortreſs of Tippoo, on the Southern Bank of the Kiſtna. The Reduction of this Place, which is expected ſoon to happen, will open the Country for the Invaſion of the rich Province of Bednore, and give Alarm to the Center of the Enemy's Dominions. The Nizam's Army, on the other Hand, after taking the Fort of Cummum, is now beſieging Kopaul, a Place of much Conſequence, which, in its Fall, will enſure an eaſy Conqueſt of the Enemy's ſurrounding Poſſeſſions, and effectually protect our Northern Circars. We hope, therefore, that Tippoo will ſoon be confined within the Circle of the Myſore Country, and that the enſuing Campaign will terminate the War in a Manner highly favourable to the Security of the Allies.

Extract of a Letter from the Preſident and Council at Fort St. George, in their Political Department, to the Court of Directors, dated January 28, 1791.

WE have the Honour to inform you, that the Army is now encamped at Vehout, about Fourteen Miles from the Preſidency; and that Lord Cornwallis expects to begin his March towards the Myſore Country in a few Days.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, June 11, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Drawing-Room at St. James's will be continued once a Fortnight till further Orders. The next will be on Thurſday the 23d Inſtant.

War-Office, June 11.

2d (or Queen's) Regiment of Dragoon Guards, William Tudor, Gent. is appointed to be Surgeon, by Purchaſe, vice Gavin Hamilton, who retires.

10th Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant William Belford, from the Half-Pay of the Independent Companies, to be Lieutenant, vice Hall, placed on the Half-Pay.

14th Regiment of Foot, Surgeon John Ramſay, from the Half-Pay of Pringle's late Corps of Foot, to be Surgeon, vice James Duffy, who exchanges.

18th (or the Royal Iriſh) Regiment of Foot, William Johnſton, Gent. to be Enſign, by Purchaſe, vice Henry Wolſeley, who retires.

19th Regiment of Foot, Charles H. Cogan, Gent. to be Enſign, by Purchaſe, vice Patrick O'Connor, promoted.

72d (Highland) Regiment of Foot, Enſign Edward Edwin Colman to be Lieutenant, by Purchaſe, vice Duffe, promoted to an Independent Company.

Dublin-Caſtle, June 6, 1791.

Saturday laſt being the Anniverſary of His Majeſty's Birth Day, the Great Guns at the Salute Battery in His Majeſty's Park the Phœnix were fired Three Rounds, and anſwered by Vollies from the Regiments in Garriſon, which were drawn out in the Royal Square at the Barracks. At Noon there was a very numerous Aſſembly of the Nobility and other Perſons of Diſtinction at the Caſtle, who appeared in great Splendor, to compliment his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, before whom an Ode, ſet to Muſic, was performed. In the Evening a Play was given by his Excellency to the Ladies; and at Night there were Bonfires, Illuminations, and all other Demonſtrations of Joy throughout the City.

SEVERAL Perſons, whoſe Names are thereunto ſubſcribed, on Behalf of themſelves and others, being legal Electors of Members to ſerve in Parliament for the Borough of Newark in the County of Nottingham, having this Day preſented their Petition to the Houſe of Commons, ſetting forth, That upon the Twenty-ſecond Day of March, One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Ninety-one, the Select Committee who were appointed to try and determine the Merits of a Petition of William Paxton, Eſquire, and alſo the Petition of ſeveral other Perſons, Electors of Members to ſerve in Parliament for the ſaid Borough, reported to the Houſe, that they had determined, "That the Right of "voting for Members to ſerve in Parliament for "the Borough of Newark in the County of Not-"tingham is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and all the "Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot, within the "ſaid Borough." That the Petitioners are adviſed, that the ſaid Right of voting, ſo determined by the ſaid Select Committee, is not the Right of Election for the ſaid Borough. Therefore, and to prevent the ſaid Judgment of the ſaid Select Committee from becoming final and concluſive, the Petitioners pray, that they may be admitted as Parties, according to the Form of the Statute in that Caſe lately made and provided, to oppoſe the ſaid Right of Election in Favour of which the ſaid Select Committee have reported as aforeſaid; and that they may have ſuch other Relief in the Premiſes as to the Houſe ſhall ſeem meet, and the Nature of the Caſe may require. I do hereby give Notice that the Houſe has appointed Tueſday the Thirtieth Day of Auguſt next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, to take the ſaid Petition into Conſideration. Given under my Hand the Ninth Day of June, One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Ninety-one.

HENRY ADDINGTON, Speaker.

Stockholm, May 27.

The King of Sweden ſet out for Germany on Tueſday the 24th Inſtant, and embarked at Daleroe early the next Morning, with an Intention to land at Roſtock; having previouſly appointed a Regency, at the Head of which is the Prince Royal. The other Members are, the Chief-Juſtice-General, Count Wachtmeiſter; the Senators Count Oxenſtierna and Count Bonde; Baron Armfelt, Baron Ruuth, and the Secretary of State Monſieur de Franc.

Cuſtom-Houſe, London, June 10, 1791.

FOR SALE,

BY Order of the Honourable the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms, in purſuance of an Act of Parliament of the Third Year of His preſent Majeſty, on Tueſday, the 21ſt and Wedneſday the 22d of June, 1791, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoons of the ſaid Days, in the Long-Room, Cuſtom-Houſe, London,

The following Goods,

Which are allotted in ſmall Quantities, for the better Accommodation of the ſeveral Dealers, as well as private Perſons, who chuſe to become Purchaſers.

For Exportation;

Eaſt India Prohibited Goods, Silks, Blois and Thread Bone Lace and Leather Gloves.

For Home Conſumption,

Muſlins, Linen, Printed Callico, Cotton and Linen Checks, Nankeen Cloth, Shawls, Hoſiery, Haberdaſhery, Pictures, China Ware, Sugar and other Grocery, Horſe Hair, Wiſh Brooms, Skins, Elephants Teeth, Drugs, Oats, Barley, Malt, Coals, a Yawl and Materials, Boats, Materials of Veſſels, Artificial Flowers, Chalk, Pink Root, Woollen Cloth, Fans, Muſhrooms, Pill Boxes, Refuſed Wine, Tobacco Aſhes, Cinders, and ſundry other Sorts of Goods as mentioned in the Catalogues.

Clear of all Duties,

Eaſt India Prohibited Goods excepted.

The Coals, Yawl, Boats, &c. to be viewed at the Tobacco Grounds near the Wet Dock, Rotherhithe; the Tobacco Aſhes and Cinders, at the King's Tobacco Warehouſe, Tower-hill; and all the other Goods, together with Samples of the Corn, at the King's Warehouſe, Cuſtom-Houſe, London, on Friday the 17th, Saturday the 18th and Monday the 28th of June, 1791, from Nine to One in the Forenoons, and in the Mornings before the Sale; where Catalogues will be delivered.

King's Sedgmoor Drainage and Diviſion. — Firſt Meeting.

WE, the Commiſſioners named and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty King

King George the Third, intituled, "An Act for Draining and Dividing a certain Moor or Tract of Waſte Land, called King's Sedgmoor, in the County of Somerſet", do hereby give Notice, that we ſhall meet at the Houſe of William Came, called the George Inn, ſituate in Bridgwater, in the ſaid County of Somerſet, on Monday the 20th Day of June next, and proceed to the Execution of the ſaid Act. Dated May 18, 1791.

H. Hobhouſe.
H. Somerville.
Jas. Bernard.
H. W. Sanford.
John Billingſley.

London, June 9, 1791.

NOtice is hereby given, that a General Court of the Governor and Company for working of Mines, Minerals and Metals in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland will be held at the Sun Fire Office, in Bank-ſtreet, Cornhill, on Thurſday the 14th of July next, at Twelve of the Clock at Noon, to conſider of a Dividend; and that the Transfer Books will be ſhut on Thurſday the 30th Inſtant.

Royal Exchange Aſſurance Office, June 8, 1791.

THE Court of Directors of the Royal Exchange Aſſurance do hereby give Notice, That their Transfer Books will be ſhut from Tueſday the 21ſt of June inſtant, to Tueſday the 12th of July next; and that a General Court of the ſaid Company will be holden at their Office on the Royal Exchange, on Wedneſday the 22d of June inſtant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, to conſider of a Dividend, and on other Buſineſs.

N. B. Attendance is daily given at the ſaid Office, and at their Office in Conduit-ſtreet, Hanover-ſquare, for the Aſſuring of Buildings, Goods, Merchandizes and Ships from Loſs or Damage by Fire; and alſo for the Aſſurance of Lives.

June 6, 1791.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Partnerſhip between Iſaac Hawley and Edward Colemere, of Oxford-ſtreet, in the County of Middleſex, Linen-drapers and Copartners, was this Day diſſolved by mutual Conſent.

Iſaac Hawley.
Edward Colemere.

CORNWALL.

TO be ſold in Fee by Auction, at the King's Arms Inn, Liſkeard, on Thurſday the 16th Day of June, 1791, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, The Fee Simple and Inheritance of a Moiety of the valuable and extenſive Manors of Botlet, otherwiſe Bottlegate, and Treganhawke, ſituate in the ſeveral Pariſhes of Landreath, Duloe, Boconnock, St. Pinnock, St. Martyn, and St. John's, in the County of Cornwall. The above Manors contain upwards of Two Thouſand Six Hundred Acres of Land, and are divided into Seventy-five Tenements, Fifty-ſeven of which are in Demeſne, and the reſt held by Leaſes determinable on One, Two and Three Lives. There are now upwards of Two Hundred Acres of Coppice Wood, Part of which is about Sixteen Years Growth, with a large Number of thriving Timber Trees therein, and a very healthy Common for Cattle and Sheep, together with many Chief Rents, and an extenſive Royalty.

The Manors are well ſituate for bringing in Manure of Lime and Sea Sand; the Soil very improveable, and in a very fine ſporting Country, about Eight Miles from Liſkeard, Five from Leſtwithiel, and Three from the Seaport Towns of Laſt and Weſt Looe and Fowey.

Printed Particulars may be had by applying to Mr. Kingdon, of Milverton in the County of Somerſet; Mr. Cutcliffe, Attorney, in Barnſtaple; and Mr. Shephard, Attorney, John-ſtreet, Bedford-row, London.

Mr. William Olver, at Trecangate, in Landreath, will ſhew the Premiſes.

Treaſury Chambers, May 31, 1791.

IN Conſequence of an Addreſs of the Houſe of Commons to His Majeſty, and of an Examination made reſpecting the Efficacy of a Compoſition diſcovered by Mr. William Forſyth, for curing Injuries and Defects in Trees, His Majeſty has been pleaſed to grant a Reward to Mr. Forſyth, for diſcloſing the Method of making and uſing that Compoſition; and the following Directions for that Purpoſe are publiſhed accordingly.

Royal Gardens, Kenſington, May 11, 1791.

DIRECTIONS for making a Compoſition for curing Diſeaſes, Defects and Injuries in all Kinds of Fruit and Foreſt Trees, and the Method of preparing the Trees, and laying on the Compoſition, by William Forſyth.

Take One Buſhel of freſh Cow Dung, Half a Buſhel of Lime Rubbiſh of old Buildings, (that from the Cielings of Rooms is preferable) Half a Buſhel of Wood Aſhes, and a Sixteenth Part of a Buſhel of Pit or River Sand. The Three laſt Articles are to be ſifted fine before they are mixed; then work them well together with a Spade, and afterwards with a wooden Beater, until the Stuff is very ſmooth, like fine Plaiſter uſed for the Cielings of Rooms.

The Compoſition being thus made, Care muſt be taken to prepare the Tree properly for its Application, by cutting away all the dead, decayed, and injured Part, till you come to the freſh ſound Wood; leaving the Surface of the Wood very ſmooth, and rounding off the Edges of the Bark with a Drawknife, or other Inſtrument, perfectly ſmooth, which muſt be particularly attended to: Then lay on the Plaiſter, about One-eighth of an Inch thick, all over the Part where the Wood or Bark has been ſo cut away, finiſhing off the Edges as thin as poſſible. Then take a Quantity of dry Powder of Wood Aſhes, mixed with a Sixth Part of the ſame Quantity of the Aſhes of burnt Bones; put it into a Tin Box, with Holes in the Top, and ſhake the Powder on the Surface of the Plaiſter till the Whole is covered over with it, letting it remain for Half an Hour, to abſorb the Moiſture: Then apply more Powder, rubbing it on gently with the Hand, and repeating the Application of the Powder, till the whole Plaiſter becomes a dry, ſmooth Surface.

All Trees cut down near the Ground ſhould have the Surface made quite ſmooth, rounding it off in a ſmall Degree, as before mentioned; and the dry Powder directed to be uſed afterwards, ſhould have an equal Quantity of Powder of Alabaſter mixed with it, in order the better to reſiſt the dripping of Trees and heavy Rains.

If any of the Compoſition be left for a future Occaſion, it ſhould be kept in a Tub, or other Veſſel, and Urine of any Kind poured on it, ſo as to cover the Surface, otherwiſe the Atmoſphere will greatly hurt the Efficacy of the Application.

Where Lime Rubbiſh of old Buildings cannot be eaſily got, take powdered Chalk, or common Lime, after having been ſlaked a Month at leaſt.

As the Growth of the Tree will gradually affect the Plaiſter, by raiſing up its Edges next the Bark, Care ſhould be taken, where that happens, to rub it over with the Finger when Occaſion may require, (which is beſt done when moiſtened by Rain) that the Plaiſter may be kept whole, to prevent the Air and Wet from penetrating into the Wound.

WILLIAM FORSYTH.

This Day are publiſhed, price Two Shillings,

OBSERVATIONS on the DISEASES, DEFECTS, and INJURIES in all Kinds of FRUIT and FOREST TREES; with an Account of a particular Method of Cure, invented and practiſed

By WILLIAM FORSYTH,

Gardener to His Majeſty at Kenſington.

Printed for the Author, and ſold by Geo. Nicol, Bookſeller to His Majeſty, Pall Mall.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Abraham Brearley, of Marſden, in the Pariſh of Almondbury in the County of York, Dealer and Chapman, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects, on the 30th Day of June inſtant, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at at the Black Bull, in Wakefield, in the ſaid County, in order to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignees commencing, proſecuting, or defending, any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity for Recovery of any Part of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; and alſo to their compounding, ſubmitting to Arbitration, or otherwiſe agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

AVERAGE PRICES of CORN.

From May 30, to June 4, 1791.

By the Standard WINCHESTER Buſhel of Eight Gallons.

	Wheat.		Rye.		Barley.		Oats.		Beans.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
London,	5	11	3	3	2	10	2	4	3	0
COUNTIES INLAND.										
Middleſex,	6	3	——		2	10	2	7	3	5
Surry,	6	3	3	3	3	0	2	6	3	11
Hertford,	6	0	——		3	0	2	5	3	11
Bedford,	5	10	3	9	2	11	2	5	3	7
Cambridge,	5	6	2	11	2	6	2	1	3	3
Huntingdon,	5	8	——		3	0	2	1	3	0
Northampton,	6	4	3	10	3	1	2	3	3	4
Rutland,	6	2	——		3	0	2	3	3	8
Leiceſter,	6	3	3	10	3	4	2	4	4	1
Nottingham,	6	2	4	2	3	4	2	3	4	0
Derby,	6	9	——		——		2	7	4	6
Stafford,	6	7	——		3	7	2	8	4	2
Salop,	6	2	4	5	3	7	2	3	4	9
Hereford,	6	4	——		3	5	2	3	——	
Worceſter,	6	3	——		3	5	2	7	3	8
Warwick,	6	5	——		3	6	2	8	4	2
Gloceſter,	6	3	——		2	11	2	3	3	7
Wilts,	6	3	——		2	11	2	3	4	1
Berks,	6	1	——		2	10	2	3	3	3
Oxford,	6	5	——		3	0	2	4	3	6
Bucks,	6	1	——		2	10	2	4	3	4
COUNTIES upon the COAST.										
Eſſex,	5	7	——		2	8	2	3	3	0
Suffolk,	5	8	3	0	2	7	2	3	2	11
Norfolk,	5	5	2	7	2	6	2	4	3	1
Lincoln,	5	9	3	8	2	9	1	11	3	2
York,	6	4	4	8	3	1	2	4	4	0
Durham,	6	5	3	11	3	7	2	6	——	
Northumberland,	5	9	4	1	3	3	2	4	4	0
Cumberland,	6	8	3	11	3	3	2	5	3	5
Weſtmorland,	6	5	5	9	4	4	2	11	——	
Lancaſhire,	6	6	——		3	6	2	6	4	1
Cheſhire,	6	7	5	0	3	6	2	6	3	9
Monmouth,	5	10	——		——		2	0	——	
Somerſet,	5	11	——		3	2	2	3	3	1
Devon,	6	0	——		2	10	1	9	3	3
Cornwall,	6	2	——		2	11	1	9	——	
Dorſet,	6	2	——		2	10	——		——	
Hants,	6	0	——		2	8	2	4	3	11
Suſſex,	5	9	——		2	8	2	3	——	
Kent,	5	9	——		2	10	2	4	3	0
WALES.										
Angleſea,	——		——		——		——		——	
Flint,	6	9	——		4	1	2	5	——	
Montgomery,	6	6	4	9	3	8	——		——	
Carnarvon,	6	5	4	7	3	6	1	10	3	8
Denbigh,	6	7	4	7	4	2	2	6	5	5
Merioneth,	6	6	5	6	4	4	2	4	——	
Brecon,	6	5	4	9	3	6	1	9	——	
Cardigan,	6	9	4	2	3	10	1	6	——	
Carmarthen,	7	6	——		4	1	1	7	——	
Glamorgan,	6	8	——		3	6	1	10	——	
Pembroke,	6	0	——		3	4	1	5	——	
Radnor,	6	1	——		3	6	2	1	——	
TOTAL AVERAGE of ENGLAND and WALES.										
Per Buſhel,	6	2½	4	1¼	3	2¾	2	3	3	8
Per Quarter,	49	8	32	10	25	10	18	0	29	4

*** Owing to an Error of the Preſs, the Total Average Price of Barley of England and Wales was inſerted in laſt Saturday's Gazette 3s. 2d. ½ per Buſhel, inſtead of 3s. 2d. ¼.

Publiſhed by Authority of Parliament,
John James Catherwood.

CORN EXCHANGE, LONDON.

RETURNS of CORN and GRAIN,

From May 30, to June 4, 1791.

	Quarters.	Price.			Average Price per Quarter.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Barley, - -	7293	9005	4	2	1	4	8
Beans, - -	1368	1708	19	9	1	4	11
Malt, - -	3373	6220	3	6	1	16	10
Oats, - - -	7480	7092	5	8	0	18	11
Peaſe, - - -	420	586	1	6	1	7	10
Rye, - - -	141	184	17	7	1	6	2
Rape-Seed, -	25	60	0	0	2	8	0
Wheat, - -	4944	11641	17	10	2	7	1

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Joſhua Thomas, of Baſinghall-ſtreet, London, Carpenter, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 14th and 25th Days of June inſtant, and on the 23d Day of July next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Meſſ. Herne, Paternoſter-row, London.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt James Page, of the Pariſh of Stepney in the County of Middleſex, Farmer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 21ſt and 25th Days of June inſtant, and on the 23d Day of July next, at Ten in the Forenoon, on each Day, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance or his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Dalton, Wood-ſtreet, Spital-fields.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Edwards, of Tottenham Court Road in the Pariſh of St. Giles in the Fields in the County of Middleſex, Coach Broker, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 14th and 18th Days of June inſtant, and on the 23d of July next, at Ten in the Forenoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Harman, Wine-Office Court, Fleet-ſtreet, London.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Benjamin Sigſton, of Wakefield, in the County of York, Tallow-chandler, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 29th and 30th Days of June inſtant, and on the 23d Day of July next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon on each of the ſaid Days, at the Stafford's

Strafford's Arms Inn, in Wakefield aforeſaid, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Lee, Attorney, in Wakefield aforeſaid, or Meſſ. Allen, Furnivall's-inn, London.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Paggett, of Ratcliffe Highway, in the Pariſh of St. George, in the County of Middleſex, Butcher, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 18th and 25th of June inſtant, and on the 23d of July next, at Eleven in the Forenoon, on each Day, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Finlay, New-road, St. George's, Middleſex.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Abraham Goldſmith, of Cock and Hoop-court, Houndſditch, in the City of London, Taylor, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 18th and 21ſt of June inſtant, and on the 23d of July next, at Ten in the Forenoon on each Day, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Baddeley, Union-ſtreet, Whitechapel.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Smith, of the Town of Monmouth, in the County of Monmouth, Mercer, Shopkeeper, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 13th and 14th Days of June inſtant, and on the 23d Day of July next, at Ten in the Forenoon, on each Day, at the Queen's Head, in the Town of Monmouth aforeſaid, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Edward Evans, of Sandford near Sidney, in the County of Glouceſter, or to Mr. Price, Chancery-lane.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Potter, now or late of Cambridge in the County of Cambridge, Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 23d and 30th Days of June inſtant, and on the 23d Day of July next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, on each of the ſaid Days, at Thomas Mitchell's, the Red Lion Inn, in Cambridge aforeſaid, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Pemberton, of Cambridge.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Edward Goddard, of Chamber Hall, near Oldham, in the County of Lancaſter, Hat-manufacturer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 18th and 22d of June inſtant, and on the 23d of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, on each of the ſaid Days, at the Coach and Horſes, in Manchester, in the ſaid County of Lancaſter, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Shelmerdine, Attorney, Manchester, or to Mr. Edge, Inner Temple, London.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Thomas Harriſon, of High-ſtreet, Southwark, in the County of Surry, Cheeſemonger, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 14th and 21ſt Days of June inſtant, and on the 23d Day of July next, at Ten in the Forenoon on each Day, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Orrell, in Winſley-ſtreet, Oxford-ſtreet.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Thomas James Lawrence, of Ludgate-ſtreet, London, Woollen-draper, intend to meet on the 14th of June inſtant, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to receive the Proof of a Debt under the ſaid Commiſſion.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Mills and Sherland Swanſton, late of Great St. Helen's, London, Merchants, intend to meet on the 28th of June inſtant, at Ten in the Forenoon, at the Baptiſt Head Coffee-houſe, in Chancery-lane, London, in purſuance of the Lord Chancellor's Order, dated the 20th Day of April, 1790, whereby it is referred to the ſaid Commiſſioners to compute Intereſt from the Date of the ſaid Commiſſion on the Principal of ſuch Debts proved under the ſaid Commiſſion as carried Intereſt, at ſuch Rate the ſame reſpectively carried.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Moſs, late of Frodſham in the County of Cheſter, Woollen-draper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 4th Day of July next, at Ten o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Feather Inn in the City of Cheſter, in order to make a Final Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Andrew Mackintoſh, of High Holborn in the County of Middleſex, Linen-draper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 2d of July next, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, (and not on the 3d of July, as before advertiſed by Miſtake) in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Weſt, of Long-acre, in the County of Middleſex, Coach-maker and Coach-harneſs maker, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 5th Day of July next, at Five in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Peter Whiteſide, late of Broad-ſtreet-buildings, London, Merchant, intend to meet on the 7th of July next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Further Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Edmund Hilliar, of Piccadilly in the County of Middleſex, Perfumer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 1ſt Day of Auguſt next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, (and not on the 1ſt of July, as before advertiſed) in order to make a Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Joſeph Le Jeune, of the Pariſh of St. Giles in the Fields, in the County of Middleſex, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 5th Day of July next, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Final Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Boynton, of Upper Seymour-ſtreet, Portman-ſquare, in the County of Middleſex, Painter, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 9th Day of July next, at Twelve at Noon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Final Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Iſaac Lermitte, of Wellcloſe-ſquare in the County of Middleſex, Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 5th Day of July next, at Five in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, (and not on the 12th Inſtant, as before advertiſed) to make a Final Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awraded and iſſued forth againſt Stephen Taylor, late of Brentwood in the County of Eſſex, Shopkeeper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 5th Day of July next, at Five in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Robert Mayne and Robert Graham, of Jermyn-ſtreet, in the Pariſh of St. James, Weſtminſter, in the County of Middleſex, Bankers and Copartners, intend to meet on the 21ſt Day of June inſtant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, (and not on the 18th Inſtant, as advertſed in a former Gazette) at Guildhall, London, for the Proof of Debts under the ſaid Commiſſion; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Fox, of Bread-ſtreet, Cheapſide, London, Warehouſeman, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid William Fox hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of July next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Cheeke the Younger, late of the City Road in the County of Middleſex, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid William Cheeke hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of July next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Richard Peele, now or late of Sutton St Mary, in the Pariſh of Long Sutton, in the County of Lincoln, Jobber, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Richard Peele hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of July next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Clipſon, late of Dorrington-ſtreet in the County of Middleſex, but now of Ludgate-hill in the City of London, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid William Clipſon hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of July next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Houghton, of Liverpool in the County of Lancaſter, Money-ſcrivener, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid William Houghton hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of July next.

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